## Appendix 1: Instrument Used for the Research – Delphi Round 1

#### Delphi Survey - Round 1 (Q1)

This questionnaire is drawn for a *PhD thesis on Mixed-Income Housing Development Model for South Africa*. The questionnaire is intended to solicit the opinion of experts' and their views on this topic in an anonymous manner not known to other contributors that are part of the sample group. All the information provided will be used solely for this purpose. The confidentiality of the participants will be guided and protected in line with ethics of research. We appreciate your acceptance to partake on the Delphi panel for this research. Thank you so much for your understanding, time and expected valued response.

This is the first round of the three series of questionnaire that will inform this research and at this stage it is intended to be completed just in approximately 20–25 minutes. Subsequent surveys will require significantly less time to complete. Please return your response, in Word format, to gonatu@uj.ac.za by 20th of March 2015.

You will be given the opportunity to change your response later on after all Delphi participants have completed the first Round survey and results have been analyzed. Results will be in simple statistics, e.g. median response, average, range and percentage.

#### Instructions

- (1) Please indicate your response by placing an 'X' in the appropriate boxes. This survey is self-explanatory and you are requested to rate the prospect of the elements that affects the mixed-income housing development strategies, South Africa human settlement policies, impact factors, implementation and advancement as well as prospects.
- (2) Experts are also required to state their levels of agreement using a 5-point Likert Scale with certain statement and to support their choices where necessary with regards to South Africa human settlement policy, programme, issues and the future of mixed-income housing in order to arrive at a consensus.

(3) The influence (probability) scale is presented below and only a number should be used for a probability range. For instance, if you consider the influence (probability) range to be between 61% and 70% of the feature's influence then you should mark 'X' under the box '7'. If the impact is considered to be high, then the 'X' should be marked under the '7' or '8' box depending on whether your opinion is inclined more towards high or very high impact (See below).

### Objective of This Delphi Method

- To find out if Mixed-Income housing development units are assets to the community it is located in.
- To identify the major factors or attributes that attract higher income population group to Mixed-Income Housing Development.
- To predict or forecast when the government intend to switch over to Mixed-Income Housing Development.
- To find out if Mixed-Income Housing Development can provide solutions to the increasing problems of concentrated poverty in Informal Settlements.
- The opinion of experts with respect to access to Land for Mixed-Income Housing Development.
- To ascertain the challenges that developers encounter in accessing land for Mixed-Income Housing Development.
- To find out the opinion of experts on the impact of Mixed-Income on the property value of surrounding neighbours.

## Sample Questions

1: The neighbourhood that an individual lives affects them (either positively or negatively) and also makes the returns he or she receives from the residential choices contingent on the behaviour of others around him.

True	False
	X

**1.2:** If you strongly disagree to the previous statement (False), what do you think?

What other	
factors that	
affects them.	

#### List of Questions for the Research

1: Kindly use your experience, expertise and judgement to rate what you consider to be the impact of the mixed-income housing development on community building strategies of the municipalities in South Africa.

No impa	act	Low im	pact	Medium	impact	High im	pact	Very high impact	
1	2	3	4	5 6		7	8	9	10

2: How do you judge the effects/impact of Mixed-Income Housing development strategies in an attempt to correct the previous consequences of Apartheid segregated planning/concentrated poverty as witnessed in South African urban environment?

0-10%	11- 20%	21- 30%	31- 40%	41- 50%	51- 60%	61-70%	71-80%	81-90%	91-100%
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Please state some of your
reasons
Q3: Residents of mixed-income housing developments are satisfied with the quality, maintenance and the management of the units?
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree
Q4: The social amenities and opportunities to promote interaction amon residents of various background and income group living i mixed-income housing development are not enough?
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree

**Q5: Economic Features:** This refers to the economic opportunities and value capture of the housing product or unit and the neighbourhood.

Mixed-Income residential			ne <u>Imp</u>								
attributes	the	Overa	ll resid	dential	l satisf	action	of mi	xed-i	ncome	hous	ing
	dev	elopm	ent? (1	1=no i	mpact	, 10=v	ery hi	gh in	npact)		
	No in	No impact		Low impact		Medium impact		High impact		High t	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Property value											
Neighbourhood socio-economic											
status											
Access to Shops											
Living Cost											
Location											
Retail Areas											
Out Door Life											

**Q6:** Social/Community Services Provided by the Government: This refers to the services provided by the government to each housing development projects and the institutional arrangement that operates in a mixed-income housing development projects.

Services Attributes	What is the <u>Impact</u> of each of the listed services provided by the government on the <u>Overall residential satisfaction</u> of										
	the g	govern	ment	on the	Over	all re	sident	ial sa	tisfact	t <b>ion</b> o	f
	Sout	h Afri	ica lov	v-inco	me ho	ousing	benef	iciarie	es' if t	he list	ed
	featı	ires ar	e lack	ting? (	1=no	impac	t, 10=	very h	igh ii	npact)	)
	No im		Low impact		Medium impact		High impact		Very High impact		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Health Care Centre											
Garbage and waste collection											
system											
Tenure Status and Occupancy rate											
Visible Policing or Police Posts											
Emergency protection and											
response											
Maintenance and repair services											
Convenience of bus and public											
transportation											
Electricity supply											
Water supply											
Repair of Roads and Signage											
Telephone services											
Community Information centres											
Management responds to necessary											
repairs											
Property Management and Control											
Open Spaces and Environmental											
Management											
Enforcement of rules by the											
Department of housing											
Participation by the community											
Skills Development Centre											
Community Hall											
Education and Care centres											
Sports and Recreation Areas											

<b>Q</b> 7:	Intergovernmental Relationship: This refers to the relationship between
	the spheres of government involved in the development of mixed-income
	housing. Do you think that it is necessary for good intergovernmental relationship and cooperation?

A	greement:
	Strongly disagree
	Disagree
	No opinion
	Agree
	Strongly Agree

Q8: Housing Project Development: This refers to the factors that need to be considered in a human settlement project development and roll out.

Attributes	What is the Impact of each of the listed factors on the mixed- income housing residential development'? (1=no impact, 10=very high negative impact)  No impact Low impact Medium High impact Very High										
	No in	No impact		Low impact		Medium impact		mpact	Very High impact		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Local Housing Market											
Access to Finance											
Planning Regulation											
Strong Leadership from Government											
Good cooperation											
Legislative and Policy framework											
Goal of the developer											

Q9: Developer and Government Relations: This refers to the interpersonal relationship and coexistence between the project developer and sphere of government.

Public – Private relationship	Wh	What is the <u>Impact</u> of each of the listed attributes on the development of mix-income housing development'? (1=no										
attributes	dev	elopm	ent of	mix-i	ncome	hous	ing de	velop	ment'	? (1=n	0	
	imp	act, 10			negati	ve im						
	No in	npact	Low	Low impact		Medium impact		High impact		Very High impact		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
Mistrust												
Negative emotions												
Respect of the role and responsibility of one another												
Pessimism												
Good cooperation and support												

Q10: Planning and Design Forms: This refers to the Town Planning and design layout such as the appearance, height, etc.

Mixed-income residential				act of							
development attributes	desig	gn prii	nciple	s on th	ne mix	-incoi	ne ho	using	develo	opmen	t
	strat	egies'	? (1=1	no imp	act, 1	0=ver	y high	negat	ive in	npact)	
	No im	pact	Low	Low impact		Medium impact		mpact	Very High impact		Rank
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Size of the development (Hectares)											
Percentage of low-cost housing (RDP)											
Percentage of social housing units											
Percentage of market rate bond units											
Land use schemes and town planning											
None inclusion of social amenities											
Mode of transport network											
Design of streets and orientation of											
buildings											
Height, density, coverage and											
Floor Area											

Q11: Location: This refers to the area where the project is situated.

Mixed-income development	What is the <b>Impact</b> of the following locational attributes on the										
_	Sou	<b>South</b> Africa mix-income- housing '? (1=no impact, 10=very					/ery				
	higl	h impa	ct)						_		
	No in	npact	Low	Low impact		Medium impact		High impact		Very High impact	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Plot and unit size											
Ease of access by public transport											
Geotechnical Conditions											
Nearness to social amenities											
Nearness to slums											
Nearness to economic											
opportunities											
Nearness to upmarket housing											
units											

Q12: Are there attributes that in your opinion affect satisfaction that has not been addressed? If any, please state the attributes below

Attributes not listed	

**Q13: Implementation of Mixed-income Housing:** To find out the level of demand for mixed-income housing products.

Attributes	Why are there few demand for mixed-income housing development products in South Africa? (1=no impact, 10=very high impact)										
	No in	npact	Low	ow impact		Medium impact		High impact		Very High impact	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
High cost of construction											
Affordability of the housing products											
Complex Housing Environment											
Occupancy Rate and return on											
investment											
Lack of skills to handle the project											
Lack of Finance and support											
High Cost of Land											
Lack of Good management											
Poor inter-sectoral collaboration											
Lack of Capacity											
Poor Economic Environment											
Political involvement											
High Objection rate and Public											
Participations											
Policy Inconsistencies											
Bureaucratic capacity											
Town Planning requirements and approval of plans											

**Q14:** Are there factors that in your opinion <u>IMPACT</u> on the implementation of mixed-income housing development in South Africa that has not been addressed? If any, please state the factor and rank the <u>IMPACT</u>.

Attributes not listed:	

**Q15:** Housing Policy Instruments: To identify the combination of Housing Policy instrument that will better serve the South Africa low-income group.

Housing Policy instruments	What is the <u>influence</u> of the following housing policy instruments on <u>mixed-income housing</u> in South Africa? (1=low influence, 10=high influence)										
	(1=1	ow in	т —	e, 10=	high i	-	ice)		0	1.0	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Public housing (subsidy schemes)											
Social (Medium-density) Housing											
Instrument											
Integrated Human Settlement											
National Homebuilders											
Regulations and standards											
Social Housing Regulatory											
Authorities											
Informal Settlement Upgrade											
Support											
Financial Charter and Housing											
credit											
Community Residential Units/											
FLIPS											
Incremental housing											

public hous	ny housing policy instruments that in your opinion <u>IMPACT</u> sing delivery in South Africa that has not been addressed? If state the factor and rate the <u>IMPACT</u>
Housing Policy Instruments not listed:	
mixed-inc the issue	think that South Africa Housing Policy through the ome housing development approach will be able to address of segregation, gated communities and racial separation of environment?
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disa ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agr	
response t	ome housing can provide both direct and indirect positive to the challenge of providing affordable housing to the the poor'.
Agreement:  Strongly disa  Disagree  No opinion Agree Strongly Agr	
tool that c	ink that mixed-income housing development is an essential an aid in attracting broad political support and change in ate for affordable housing?
Agreement:    Strongly disa   Disagree   No opinion   Agree   Strongly Agr	gree

<b>Q20:</b> Do you think that mixed-income housing development through good design and quality delivery will at any stage in the future change the perception of people towards affordable housing?
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree
<b>Q21:</b> Can mixed-income housing development at any point in time from your opinion ever going to be considered as an asset to the community?
Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion  Agree  Strongly Agree
Q22: Please identify any critical issues affecting the provision of housing for the low-income group in South Africa through mixed-income housing strategies that is currently implemented in different municipalities.
Critical issues:
Q23: The greater the supply of affordable, moderate and middle-income housing, the greater the range of housing options available to these households and more difficult it is for mixed-income housing to attract them?  Agreement: □ Strongly disagree □ Disagree □ No opinion □ Agree □ Strongly Agree

Q24: Which of the following conditions do you consider to be of extreme importance in attracting higher income households in mixed-income housing development to reduce vacancy rate?

Determinants of Mixed-Income		Rank
Location of the development	1	
Cost of the units	2	
Design and aesthetics	3	
Size of the house	4	
Social Amenities	5	
Condition of the Neighbourhood	6	

Comment:	

Q25: Which of the following housing delivery models will best respond to the needs of the low-income, middle-income and high-income group in South Africa?

Housing delivery models		Rank
Public housing (through the provision	1	
of free subsidy)		
Self-help housing	2	
Enabling the market to work	3	
Mixed-income housing	4	
Provision of social housing (rental	5	
option)		
Hostel Upgrade / CRU	6	
National Upgrade Support Programme	7	

Q26: Do you consider the viability of mixed-income housing to depend to a

great extent on the state of region's housing market and physica attributes of the development?  Agreement:
□ Strongly disagree □ Disagree □ No opinion □ Agree □ Strongly Agree
<b>Q27:</b> To attract market-rate tenants and minimize vacancy losses developer of mixed-income housing may need to invest more resources in quality schools and social amenities?
Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion  Agree  Strongly Agree

<b>Q28:</b> When do you predict government will end the current model of housing delivery to the poor and switch to mixed-income housing development strategy in South Africa?
Agreement:
☐ 6 months' time ☐ 1 - 2 years' time ☐ 3 - 5 years' time ☐ 6 - 8 years' time ☐ 9 - 10 years and above ☐ 10 years and above
Q29: Why is the demand for market-rate units in mixed-income housing lower than affordable units?
Comments:
Q30: What do you envisage will be the turnaround strategies of the South Africa Housing policy in the next 10–15 years?
Pivotal context:
Q31: Please list and rank accordingly the prospects or what to be expected from the development of mixed-income housing development at the National, Provincial, and the local government housing agencies in South Africa (1 being most important, 5 being least important).
Rank A.)
B.)
C.)
D.)
E.)

prospects of the development of mixed-income housing development at the National, Provincial and the local government housing agencies is South Africa (1 being most important, 5 being least important).
Rank
A.)
B.)
C.)
D.)
E.)
Q33: Please list and rank the housing development strategies and manage ment issues that will affect mixed-income housing development at th National, Provincial and the local government agencies in the next 1 years or in the future in South Africa plan (1 being most important, being least important).  Rank
A.)
B.)
C.)
D.)
E.)

Q32: Please list and rank accordingly the challenges and obstacles that affects

housing development?
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree
Q35: If you strongly disagree to the previous statement, what do you think?
To address issue of urban poverty:
Q36: Mixed-income housing development impact negatively to the surrounding neighbourhood in terms of decrease in property value?  Agreement:  □ Strongly disagree □ Disagree □ No opinion □ Agree □ Strongly Agree
Q37: If you disagreed to the previous statement, what do you think?
The impact of mixed-income:
Q38: Which of the following characteristics in the South African mixed-income housing projects do you consider that might impede social interaction?
mixed-income housing projects do you consider that might impede
mixed-income housing projects do you consider that might impede social interaction'?    Attributes   Rank   Race   1   Ethnicity and   2   Language   Socio-economic status   3   Gender   4

<b>Q40:</b> If you disagreed to the previous statement, what do you think should be the paramount needs of the poor and low-income group in South Africa that the government should give priority?
Principal needs:
<b>Q41:</b> Public participation and the need to get everyone on board is a big challenge to the developer and affordable housing development, including mixed-income housing?
Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion Agree Strongly Agree
<b>Q42:</b> Statutory Town Planning regulations and municipal compliance tend to delay the development of mixed-income housing development and impact on the project cost?
Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion  Agree  Strongly Agree
<b>Q43:</b> Access to strategic prime land for human settlement development is a very big obstacle to the successful roll out and provision of affordable housing, especially mixed-income housing?
Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion  Agree  Strongly Agree
<b>Q44:</b> Access to reliable finance is a very big obstacle to the developers for rapid roll out of mixed-income housing units?
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree

Q45: If you disagreed to the previous states	ment, what other factors hinder the
development?	

Comments:		

## Personal Information of Expert Panel Member

Title (Mr., Mrs., Ms., Dr., Prof.)	
Highest qualification	
Field of specialisation	
Professional registration	
(SACPLAN, RTPI, SCPQSP,	
FCIOB, SACPCMP, ECSA etc.)	
Years of experience (housing	
studies, development studies,	
project management, construction,	
developer, planner policy analyst	
etc.)	
Province, State, Country and	
Metropolitan Municipality	
currently residing	
Country	
Continent	
Have you lived in other	
Metropolitan Municipality(s)	
before	
If yes, kindly state	
	·

Thank you for taking your time to fill out this first round survey. The second round of the Delphi process will begin on 25 February 2015.

Please do not hesitate to contact me or my promoter Professor Wellington Didibhuku Thwala if you have any questions about this survey or about the research project in general. Kindly see contact details below.

#### **Contact details:**

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#### Promoter

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about/Staff/Pages/DidibhukuThwala.aspx

Department of Construction Management and Quantity Surveying

Faculty of Engineering and the Built Environment

University of Johannesburg

South Africa

## Appendix 2: Instrument Used for the Research – Delphi Round 2

## Delphi Survey - Round 2 (Q2)

This questionnaire is drawn for a PhD thesis on Mixed-Income Housing Development Model for South Africa. The questionnaire is intended to solicit the opinion of experts and their views on this topic in an anonymous manner not known to other contributors that are part of the sample group. All the information provided will be used solely for this purpose. The confidentiality of the participants will be guided and protected in line with ethics of research. We appreciate your acceptance to partake on the Delphi panel for this research. Thank you so much for your understanding, time and expected valued response to the first round of questionnaire.

This is the second round of the three series of questionnaire that will inform this research and at this stage it is intended to be completed just in approximately 20–25 minutes. The last round after this will even require significantly less time to complete. Please return your response, in Word format, to gonatu@uj.ac.za by 20th of June, 2015.

#### Instructions

- 4. Please indicate your response by placing an 'X' in the appropriate boxes.
- 5. Experts are also required to state their levels of agreement using a 5-point Likert Scale with certain statement and to support their choices where necessary with regards to South Africa human settlement policy, programme, issues and the future of mixed-income housing in order to arrive at a consensus.

# List of Questions for This Research

Q1: Mixed-income housing development in South Africa is designed to enhance and promote integrated human settlements to accommodate households with disparate incomes band.
☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree
Q2: Mixed-income housing development can lead to strong community building and correct previous Apartheid segregated settlement and planning.
Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion Agree Strongly Agree
Q3: It is necessary for there to be strong and good intergovernmental relationship and coordination for the delivery of mixed-income housing development.
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree
<b>Q4:</b> An important issue that is lacking in the development of mixed-income housing development is the level of cooperation between the public sector and private sector.
Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion  Agree  Strongly Agree
Q5: If you strongly disagree to the previous statement, what do you think?
Your comment

<ul><li>Q6: Strong Leadership from Government is of high importance in any human settlement project development and planning including mixed-income housing.</li><li>Agreement:</li></ul>
Strongly disagree  □ Disagree □ No opinion □ Agree □ Strongly Agree
Q7: Access to finance is not a major obstacle or impediment for the developer in the implementation of mixed-income housing development.  Agreement: □ Strongly disagree □ Disagree □ No opinion □ Agree □ Strongly Agree
<b>Q8:</b> If you strongly disagree to the previous statement, what do you think?
Total comment
<b>Q9:</b> Access to integrated Public Transport system and provision of social amenities are important elements to be considered in a mixed-income housing development project.
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree
Q10: Of current concern is the percentage of Low-cost units (RDP) that is permissible in a given mixed-income housing development project and its impact on the viability of the project.
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree

in getting Town Planning approvals and adhering to the Land use regulations is having on mixed-income housing development projects.
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree
Q12: Of great concern to the roll out of more mixed-income housing development is the high cost of prime land for development.
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree
Q13: Nearness to upmarket housing units can slow the approval and implementation of mixed-income housing development due to objections and resistance from neighbours.
Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion  Agree  Strongly Agree
Q14: The occupancy rate in any completed mixed-income housing development is very slow and unsustainable.
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree
Q15: If you strongly disagree to the previous statement, what do you think?
Your comment

Q11: Of current concern is the increase in cost that the delay and long process

Agreement:    Strongly disagree   Disagree   No opinion   Agree   Strongly Agree      Any other comments      Q17: Mixed-income housing development is believed to enhance and broaden affordability of housing in South Africa.    Agreement:   Strongly disagree   Disagree   No opinion   Agree   Strongly Agree     Strongly Agree     Q18: The return on investment is good for any completed mixed-income housing development.    Agreement:   Strongly disagree   Disagree   No opinion   Agree   Strongly Agree     Strongly Agree   Strongly Agree     Open Complete to the National Homebuilders Registration Council and other statutory regulations is a major obstacle to the increase in roll out of mixed-income housing development.    Agreement:   Strongly disagree   Disagree   Disagree   Disagree   No opinion   Agree   Disagree   No opinion   Agree   Strongly disagree   Strongly disagree   Strongly disagree   Strongly disagree   Strongly disagree   Strongly disagree   Strongly dagree   Strongly dagree	Q16: Backyard shacks are not major issues for consideration in the implementation of mixed-income housing development.
Q17: Mixed-income housing development is believed to enhance and broaden affordability of housing in South Africa.    Agreement:	☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree
affordability of housing in South Africa.    Agreement:	Any other comments
Strongly disagree Disagree Strongly Agree  Q18: The return on investment is good for any completed mixed-income housing development.  Agreement: Strongly disagree Disagree No opinion Agree Strongly Agree  Any other comments:  Q19: Compliance to the National Homebuilders Registration Council and other statutory regulations is a major obstacle to the increase in roll out of mixed-income housing development.  Agreement: Strongly disagree Disagree No opinion Agree	affordability of housing in South Africa.
housing development.  Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion Agree  Strongly Agree  Any other comments:  Q19: Compliance to the National Homebuilders Registration Council and other statutory regulations is a major obstacle to the increase in roll out of mixed-income housing development.  Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion Agree	□ Strongly disagree □ Disagree □ No opinion □ Agree
□ Strongly disagree   □ Disagree   □ No opinion   □ Agree   □ Strongly Agree    Any other comments:  Q19: Compliance to the National Homebuilders Registration Council and other statutory regulations is a major obstacle to the increase in roll out of mixed-income housing development.  Agreement:  □ Strongly disagree  □ Disagree  □ No opinion  □ Agree  □ No opinion  □ Agree	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Q19: Compliance to the National Homebuilders Registration Council and other statutory regulations is a major obstacle to the increase in roll out of mixed-income housing development.  Agreement:  □ Strongly disagree □ Disagree □ No opinion □ Agree	☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree
other statutory regulations is a major obstacle to the increase in roll out of mixed-income housing development.  Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree	Any other comments:
in Strongry Agree	other statutory regulations is a major obstacle to the increase in roll out of mixed-income housing development.  Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion

<b>Q20:</b> Government support for integrated human settlement is currently shifting towards mixed-income housing development.
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree
Q21: Mixed-income is considered to bring along with it local economic development to the surrounding areas.  Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree
Q22: The aesthetic beauty of the housing units and the layout design will attract high income earners.  Agreement: □ Strongly disagree □ Disagree □ No opinion □ Agree □ Strongly Agree
Q23: The location of the development is of concern on whether it will attract higher income earners or not?  Agreement: □ Strongly disagree □ Disagree □ No opinion □ Agree □ Strongly Agree
Q24: Do you think that mixed-income housing development through good design and quality product will at any stage in the future change the perception of people towards affordable housing?  Agreement:  □ Strongly disagree □ Disagree □ No opinion □ Agree □ Strongly Agree

Q25: Availability of good quality school and other social amenities will increase the occupancy rate of mixed-income by high income earners?
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree
Q26: The social acceptance of mixed-income housing development is very low in South Africa.
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree
<b>Q27:</b> In 9–10 years from now Government will shift totally to mixed-income housing development.
Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion Agree  Strongly Agree
Q28: If you strongly disagree to the previous statement, what do you think?
Your comment
Q29: Factors at the National, Provincial and Local levels all impact on mixed-income housing development as the projects typically involves complicated multilevel coordination  Agreement:  □ Strongly disagree  □ Disagree  □ No opinion  □ Agree  □ Strongly Agree
Comment:

Q30: The problem associated with informal settlements and social ills of concentrated poverty can be addressed with mixed-income housing development.
Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion Agree  Strongly Agree
<b>Q31:</b> Mixed-income housing development initiatives if well implemented can play an active role in creating foundational environment in which other poverty alleviation strategies can be tackled.
Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion  Agree  Strongly Agree
<b>Q32:</b> There is no strong evidence about the revitalization of neighbourhood by mixed-income housing development.
Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion Agree Strongly Agree
Q33: Of great concern is the lack of Public participation and community involvement in the decision-making for mixed-income housing development.
Agreement:
☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree
Q34: Of concern is that inner-city mixed-income housing initiatives are not interventions to serve low-income households, but methods to grow city economies by substantial increase in land values.
Agreement:
☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree

Q35: Good management of the differing needs of income diverse residents as well as ability to manage the challenges associated with effective coordination between public and private sectors is seen as essential to mixed-income success.  Agreement:
Strongly disagree □ Disagree □ No opinion □ Agree □ Strongly Agree
<b>Q36:</b> Do you think that the drive towards mixed-income housing development will eradicate informal settlements in the near future?
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree
Q37: Mixed-income housing development is a good initiative in that it creates healthy and safe place to live, work and play.  Agreement:
☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree
Q38: The lack of bulk infrastructure is seen as one of the impediments and obstacle to the development of mixed-income housing development.
Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion Agree  Strongly Agree
Q39: There is lack of capacity within Government and other municipal structures to drive mixed-income housing development.
Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion  Agree  Strongly Agree

<b>Q40:</b> If you strongly disagree to the previous statement, what do you think Your comment
Q41: Proper branding and setting up mixed-income housing development steering committee or mechanism is seen as an important approach the sustainability of projects.
Agreement:  Strongly disagree Disagree No opinion Agree Strongly Agree
Q42: If you disagreed to the previous statement, what do you think?
Any other comments:
<ul> <li>Q43: The turnaround in Human Settlements policy in South Africa in the near future is a shift from subsidy housing towards self-help/assiste housing programme.</li> <li>Agreement:</li> <li>□ Strongly disagree</li> <li>□ Disagree</li> <li>□ No opinion</li> <li>□ Agree</li> <li>□ Strongly Agree</li> </ul>
Q44: If you disagreed to the previous statement, what do you think?
Any other comments:
Q45: Gender is considered an issue with respect to social interaction within the mixed-income housing development.  Agreement: □ Strongly disagree □ Disagree □ No opinion □ Agree □ Strongly Agree
Q46: If you disagreed to the previous statement, what do you think?
Any other comments:

Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion Agree Strongly Agree  Q48: If you disagreed to the previous statement, what do you think?  Any other comments:  Title (Mr., Mrs., Ms., Dr., Prof.) Highest qualification Field of specialisation Professional registration (SACPLAN, RTPI, SCPQSP, FCIOB, SACPCMP, ECSA etc.) Years of experience (housing studies, development studies, project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.) Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing Country Continent Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before If yes, kindly state	Q47: The state of the economic the mixed-income ho	omy has a negative impact on the development of using development.
□ Disagree □ No opinion □ Agree □ Strongly Agree □ Strongly Agree □ Strongly Agree □ Strongly Agree    Any other comments:    Personal Information of Expert Panel Member    Title (Mr., Mrs., Ms., Dr., Prof.)     Highest qualification     Field of specialisation     Professional registration (SACPLAN, RTPI, SCPQSP, FCIOB, SACPCMP, ECSA etc.)     Years of experience (housing studies, development studies, project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.)     Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing     Country     Continent     Have you lived in other     Metropolitan Municipality(s)     before	Agreement:	
□ No opinion □ Agree □ Strongly Agree  Q48: If you disagreed to the previous statement, what do you think?  Any other comments:  Personal Information of Expert Panel Member  Title (Mr., Mrs., Ms., Dr., Prof.) Highest qualification Field of specialisation Professional registration (SACPLAN, RTPI, SCPQSP, FCIOB, SACPCMP, ECSA etc.) Years of experience (housing studies, development studies, project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.) Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing Country Continent Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before	☐ Strongly disagree	
□ Agree □ Strongly Agree  Q48: If you disagreed to the previous statement, what do you think?  Any other comments:  Personal Information of Expert Panel Member  Title (Mr., Mrs., Ms., Dr., Prof.) Highest qualification Field of specialisation Professional registration (SACPLAN, RTPI, SCPQSP, FCIOB, SACPCMP, ECSA etc.) Years of experience (housing studies, development studies, project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.) Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing Country Continent Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before	☐ Disagree	
Q48: If you disagreed to the previous statement, what do you think?  Any other comments:  Personal Information of Expert Panel Member  Title (Mr., Mrs., Ms., Dr., Prof.) Highest qualification Field of specialisation Professional registration (SACPLAN, RTPI, SCPQSP, FCIOB, SACPCMP, ECSA etc.) Years of experience (housing studies, development studies, project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.) Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing Country Continent Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before	☐ No opinion	
Q48: If you disagreed to the previous statement, what do you think?    Any other comments:	☐ Agree	
Any other comments:  Personal Information of Expert Panel Member  Title (Mr., Mrs., Ms., Dr., Prof.) Highest qualification Field of specialisation Professional registration (SACPLAN, RTPI, SCPQSP, FCIOB, SACPCMP, ECSA etc.) Years of experience (housing studies, development studies, project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.) Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing Country Continent Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before	☐ Strongly Agree	
Title (Mr., Mrs., Ms., Dr., Prof.)  Highest qualification Field of specialisation Professional registration (SACPLAN, RTPI, SCPQSP, FCIOB, SACPCMP, ECSA etc.) Years of experience (housing studies, development studies, project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.) Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing Country Continent Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before	Q48: If you disagreed to the	ne previous statement, what do you think?
Title (Mr., Mrs., Ms., Dr., Prof.)  Highest qualification Field of specialisation  Professional registration (SACPLAN, RTPI, SCPQSP, FCIOB, SACPCMP, ECSA etc.)  Years of experience (housing studies, development studies, project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.)  Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing  Country  Continent  Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before	Any other	
Title (Mr., Mrs., Ms., Dr., Prof.)  Highest qualification Field of specialisation  Professional registration (SACPLAN, RTPI, SCPQSP, FCIOB, SACPCMP, ECSA etc.)  Years of experience (housing studies, development studies, project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.)  Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing  Country  Continent  Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before	comments:	
Title (Mr., Mrs., Ms., Dr., Prof.)  Highest qualification Field of specialisation  Professional registration (SACPLAN, RTPI, SCPQSP, FCIOB, SACPCMP, ECSA etc.)  Years of experience (housing studies, development studies, project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.)  Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing  Country  Continent  Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before		
Highest qualification Field of specialisation Professional registration (SACPLAN, RTPI, SCPQSP, FCIOB, SACPCMP, ECSA etc.) Years of experience (housing studies, development studies, project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.) Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing Country Continent Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before		spert Panel Member
Field of specialisation Professional registration (SACPLAN, RTPI, SCPQSP, FCIOB, SACPCMP, ECSA etc.) Years of experience (housing studies, development studies, project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.) Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing Country Continent Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before		
Professional registration (SACPLAN, RTPI, SCPQSP, FCIOB, SACPCMP, ECSA etc.)  Years of experience (housing studies, development studies, project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.)  Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing  Country  Continent  Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before		
(SACPLAN, RTPI, SCPQSP, FCIOB, SACPCMP, ECSA etc.)  Years of experience (housing studies, development studies, project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.)  Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing  Country  Continent  Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before	•	
Years of experience (housing studies, development studies, project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.)  Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing  Country  Continent  Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before		
studies, development studies, project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.)  Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing  Country  Continent  Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before	FCIOB, SACPCMP, ECSA etc.)	
project management, construction, developer, planner policy analyst etc.)  Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing  Country  Continent  Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before		
developer, planner policy analyst etc.)  Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing  Country  Continent  Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before		
etc.) Province, State, Country and Metropolitan Municipality currently residing Country Continent Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before		
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Metropolitan Municipality currently residing Country Continent Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before	,	
currently residing Country Continent Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before		
Continent Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before		
Have you lived in other Metropolitan Municipality(s) before	Country	
Metropolitan Municipality(s) before		
before		
11 yes, kindiy state		
	11 Jes, Minuty State	

Thank you for taking your time to fill out this second round survey. The third round of the Delphi process will begin on 25 June, 2015.

Please do not hesitate to contact me or my promoter **Professor Wellington Didibhuku Thwala** if you have any questions about this survey or about the research project in general. Kindly see contact details below.

#### **Contact details:**

#### George Onatu

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#### Promoter

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Department of Construction Management and Quantity Surveying

Faculty of Engineering and the Built Environment

University of Johannesburg

South Africa

## Appendix 3: Instrument Used for the Research – Delphi Round 3

## Delphi Survey – Round 3 (Q3)

This questionnaire is drawn for a PhD thesis on Mixed-Income Housing Development Model for South Africa. The questionnaire is intended to solicit the opinion of experts' and their views on this topic in an anonymous manner not known to other contributors that are part of the sample group. All the information provided will be used solely for this purpose. The confidentiality of the participants will be guided and protected in line with ethics of research. We appreciate your acceptance to partake on the Delphi panel for this research. Thank you so much for your understanding, time and expected valued response to the first and second round of questionnaire.

This is the third and final round of the three series of questionnaire that will inform this research and will take approximately 20–25 minutes to complete. In this round, you will find statement from the second round where consensus was not reached. Results of feedback and answers from all the experts that has been participating in this research survey are listed below each statement. You have the opportunity at this stage to change any of your answers you gave in the second round if you wish or choose not to. Also, if you find that your answer to any item is an outlier from those of other experts and do not wish to change your response, or if you feel that you want to contribute more additional information on any of the statements, you have the option to do so in the comments section below. Please return your response, in Word format, to gonatu@uj.ac.za by 15th of October, 2015. Since this is the final round, your answers will be analyzed with those of other participants and at the end

of the study we shall send to you the compiled data and outcome for your personal use.

Once again, thank you so much for your kindness on this journey so far.

#### Instructions

- (6) Please indicate your response by placing an 'X' in the appropriate boxes.
- (7) Experts are also required to state their levels of agreement using this 5-point Likert Scale.

## List of Questions for This Research

List of Questions for This I	neseur ch
enhance and promote households with dispa	ng development in South Africa is designed to e integrated human settlements to accommodate arate incomes band.
☐ Strongly disagree X ☐ Disagree	
— <i>&amp;</i>	5 7
apartheid. Initiatives are be influence on the macro & n precinct level. This is good	enge in SA is the base spatial structure created by eing done as stand-alone projects and do not have neso-spatial structure rather impact the micro and but not adequate in addressing the fundamentals sing development
Q2: Mixed-income housing	ng development can lead to strong community previous Apartheid segregated settlement and
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ X Disagree	
☐ No opinion	2
E	5
☐ Strongly Agree	5
	ically and rhetoric supports this, the reality is that developments cannot achieve this in SA given the

Q3: It is necessary for there to be strong and good intergovernmental relationship and coordination for the delivery of Mixed-income housing development.
Agreement:         ☐ Strongly disagree         ☐ Disagree         ☐ No opinion         ☐ Agree         ☐ X Strongly Agree       12
Comment
<b>Q4:</b> An important issue that is lacking in the development of mixed-income housing development is the level of cooperation between the public sector and private sector.
Agreement:
☐ Strongly disagree         ☐ Disagree         ☐ No opinion         ☐ X Agree       10         ☐ Strongly Agree       2
Comment
Q5: Strong Leadership from Government is of high importance in any human settlement project development and planning including mixed-income housing.
Agreement:  Strongly disagree  Disagree  No opinion  Agree  2
☐ X Strongly Agree 10
Comment

	o the roll out of more mixed-income housing devel- cost of prime land for development.
Agreement:  Strongly disagree Disagree No opinion Agree X Strongly Agree	3 9
Comment	
implementation of	arket housing units can slow the approval and mixed-income housing development due to objecte from neighbours.
Agreement:	
☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ X Strongly Agree	2 2 6 2
Comment	
Q12: The occupancy rate ment is very slow a	e in any completed mixed-income housing develop- and unsustainable.
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ X Agree ☐ Strongly Agree	5 5 2
Comment	
	re not major issues for consideration in the impled-income housing development.
Agreement:  ☐ X Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion	5
☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree	2 5
Comment	

Q14: Mixed-income housing affordability of house	ng development is believed to enhance and broaden ing in South Africa.
Agreement:	
☐ Strongly disagree☐ X Disagree	3
☐ No opinion ☐ Agree	8
☐ Strongly Agree	1
Comment	
Q15: The return on invertible housing development	stment is good for any completed mixed-income tt.
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ X No opinion	
☐ Agree	8
☐ Strongly Agree	4
Comment	
	National Homebuilders Registration Council and ations is a major obstacle to the increase in roll out using development.
Agreement:	
<ul><li>☐ X Strongly disagree</li><li>☐ Disagree</li><li>☐ No opinion</li></ul>	2 6
☐ Agree	2
☐ Strongly Agree	2
Comment	
	rt for integrated human settlement is currently ked-income housing development.
Agreement:	
☐ Strongly disagree	
☐ Disagree	4
<ul><li>☐ No opinion</li><li>☐ X Agree</li></ul>	4
☐ X Agree ☐ Strongly Agree	6

Q18: Mixed-income is condevelopment to the	onsidered to bring along with it local economic surrounding areas.
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ X Agree ☐ Strongly Agree	7 5
Comment	
Q22: The aesthetic beauty attract high-income	y of the housing units and the layout design will earners.
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree	8 4
Comment	
Q23: The location of the chigher income earne	levelopment is of concern on whether it will attract rs or not?
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ X Strongly Agree	8 4
Comment	
design and quality p	mixed-income housing development through good product will at any stage in the future change the e towards affordable housing?
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ X Agree ☐ Strongly Agree	5 7
Comment	

	d quality school and other social amenities will acy rate of mixed-income by high-income earners?
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree	
☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion	2
☐ X Agree ☐ Strongly Agree	5 5
Comment	
<b>Q26:</b> The social acceptant low in South Africa.	ce of mixed-income housing development is very
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ X Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ Strongly Agree	8 2 2
Comment	
Q27: In 9–10 years from n housing development	ow Government will shift totally to mixed-income
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ X Agree ☐ Strongly Agree	2 5 5
-	
	onal, Provincial and Local levels all impact on ng development as the projects typically involves rel coordination
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ X Strongly Agree	12
Comment	

<b>Q30:</b> The problem associated with informal settlements and social ills of concentrated poverty can be addressed with mixed-income housing development.
Agreement:         ☐ Strongly disagree         ☐ X Disagree         ☐ No opinion         ☐ Agree       4         ☐ Strongly Agree       8
Comment
Q31: Mixed-income housing development initiatives if well implemented can play an active role in creating foundational environment in which other poverty alleviation strategies can be tackled.
Agreement:         ☐ Strongly disagree         ☐ Disagree         ☐ No opinion         ☐ Agree       5         ☐ X Strongly Agree       7
Comment
Q31: There is no strong evidence about the revitalization of neighbourhood by mixed-income housing development.
Agreement:       □       Strongly disagree       6         □ X Disagree       3         □ No opinion       □       Agree       3         □ Strongly Agree       3
CommentGrey evidence exists, the problem is it is scant and far and in between.
Q33: Of great concern is the lack of Public participation and community involvement in the decision-making for mixed-income housing development.
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree 2 ☐ Disagree 5 ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree
☐ X Strongly Agree 2
Comment.

interventions to serv	nner-city mixed-income housing initiatives are not re low-income households, but methods to grow city antial increase in land values.
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree	
	5
☐ X Agree ☐ Strongly Agree	5 2
Comment	
well as ability to	of the differing needs of income diverse residents as manage the challenges associated with effective en public and private sectors is seen as essential to ss.
Agreement:	
☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree	
☐ No opinion ☐ X Agree ☐ Strongly Agree	4 8
Comment	
	the drive towards mixed-income housing develop- informal settlements in the near future?
ment will eradicate  Agreement:	informal settlements in the near future?
ment will eradicate  Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ X Disagree ☐ No opinion	
ment will eradicate  Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ X Disagree	informal settlements in the near future?  2 8
ment will eradicate  Agreement:  Strongly disagree  X Disagree  No opinion  Agree  Strongly Agree	informal settlements in the near future?  2 8
ment will eradicate  Agreement:  Strongly disagree  X Disagree  No opinion  Agree  Strongly Agree  Comment	informal settlements in the near future?  2 8
ment will eradicate  Agreement:  Strongly disagree  X Disagree  No opinion  Agree  Strongly Agree  Comment	informal settlements in the near future?  2 8 2 ng development is a good initiative in that it creates
ment will eradicate  Agreement:  Strongly disagree  X Disagree  No opinion  Agree  Strongly Agree  Comment	informal settlements in the near future?  2 8 2 ng development is a good initiative in that it creates
ment will eradicate  Agreement:  Strongly disagree  X Disagree  No opinion  Agree  Strongly Agree  Comment	informal settlements in the near future?  2 8 2 ing development is a good initiative in that it creates is to live, work and play.
ment will eradicate  Agreement:  Strongly disagree  X Disagree  No opinion  Agree  Strongly Agree  Comment	informal settlements in the near future?  2 8 2
ment will eradicate  Agreement:  Strongly disagree  X Disagree  No opinion  Agree  Strongly Agree  Comment	informal settlements in the near future?  2 8 2 ing development is a good initiative in that it creates is to live, work and play.

<b>Q38:</b> The lack of bulk infrastructure is seen as one of the impediments and obstacle to the development of mixed-income housing development.		
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ X Agree ☐ Strongly Agree	5 7	
Comment		
	apacity within Government and other municipal mixed-income housing development.	
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ X Strongly Agree	5 7	
~		
	nd setting up mixed-income housing development or mechanism is seen as an important approach to projects.	
Agreement:		
☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree ☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ X Strongly Agree	2 5 5	
Q41: The turnaround in near future is a shi housing programme	Human Settlements policy in South Africa in the ft from subsidy housing towards self-help/assisted	
Agreement:  ☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree	2	
☐ No opinion ☐ Agree ☐ X Strongly Agree	2 8	
Comment  never be expected to be end	. State funding is increasingly dwindling and can ough to address all the housing issues in any country,	

Q42: If you disagreed to the previous statement, what do you think?		
Any other comments:		
_	is considered an issue with respect to social interaction within ed-income housing development.	
Agreement		
☐ X Strongl☐ Disagree☐ No opinio☐ Agree☐ Strongly 2	3 on 3 3	
are indeed omanaging an Xenophobia a	SA societies are increasingly becoming multiracial and cosmopolitan hence the new and emerging challenges of incorporating international migrants (i.e. in terms of and its housing dimensions especially in the context of this study)	
Q44: The stat	te of the economy has a negative impact on the development of ed-income housing development.	
Agreement	·•	
☐ Strongly	disagree 2	
☐ Disagree ☐ No opinio	on 4	
☐ X Agree ☐ Strongly	6	
lot of investm imenting and	Housing and construction development by its nature requires a tent. Consequent a slow economy has limited options for experdevelopers will go for tried and tested standard housing solutions ude mixed income housing	

## Personal Information of Expert Panel Member

Thank you for taking your time to fill out this third round survey and we shall make available to you the outcome of this important research work.

Please do not hesitate to contact me or my promoter **Professor Wellington Didibhuku Thwala** if you have any questions about this survey or about the research project in general. Kindly see contact details below.

#### **Contact details:**

#### George Onatu

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